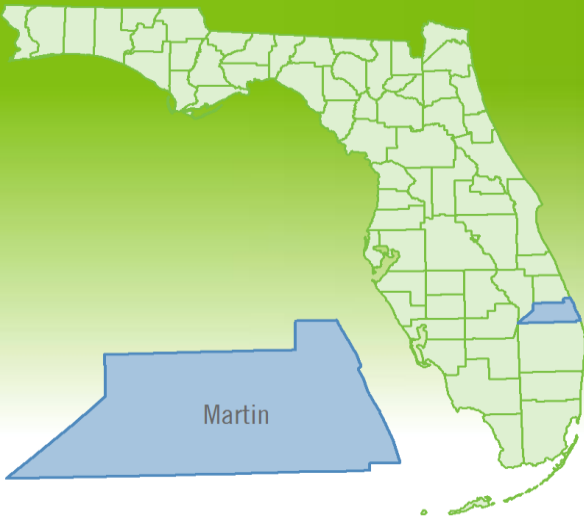


Monthly Market Detail - March 2014

Single Family Homes

Martin County



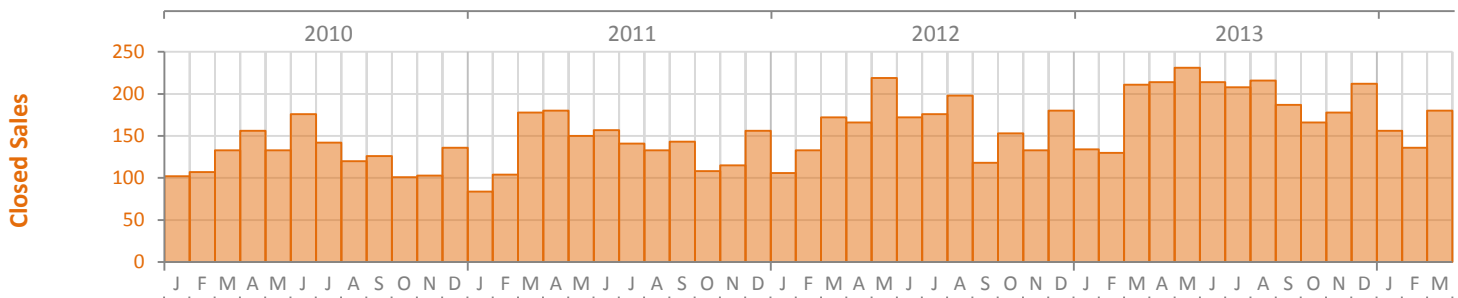
Summary Statistics	March 2014	March 2013	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	180	211	-14.7%
Paid in Cash	100	96	4.2%
New Pending Sales	315	268	17.5%
New Listings	375	305	23.0%
Median Sale Price	\$275,000	\$264,500	4.0%
Average Sale Price	\$326,611	\$435,918	-25.1%
Median Days on Market	59	68	-13.2%
Average Percent of Original List Price Received	91.9%	91.6%	0.3%
Pending Inventory	491	502	-2.2%
Inventory (Active Listings)	1,429	1,274	12.2%
Months Supply of Inventory	7.5	7.7	-2.9%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	180	-14.7%
February 2014	136	4.6%
January 2014	156	16.4%
December 2013	212	17.8%
November 2013	178	33.8%
October 2013	166	8.5%
September 2013	187	58.5%
August 2013	216	9.1%
July 2013	208	18.2%
June 2013	214	24.4%
May 2013	231	5.5%
April 2013	214	28.9%
March 2013	211	22.7%

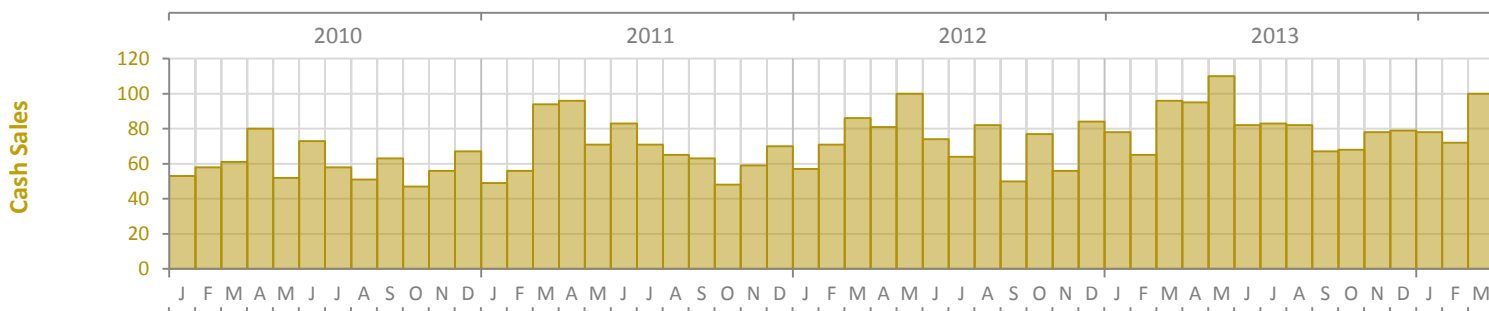


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	100	4.2%
February 2014	72	10.8%
January 2014	78	0.0%
December 2013	79	-6.0%
November 2013	78	39.3%
October 2013	68	-11.7%
September 2013	67	34.0%
August 2013	82	0.0%
July 2013	83	29.7%
June 2013	82	10.8%
May 2013	110	10.0%
April 2013	95	17.3%
March 2013	96	11.6%

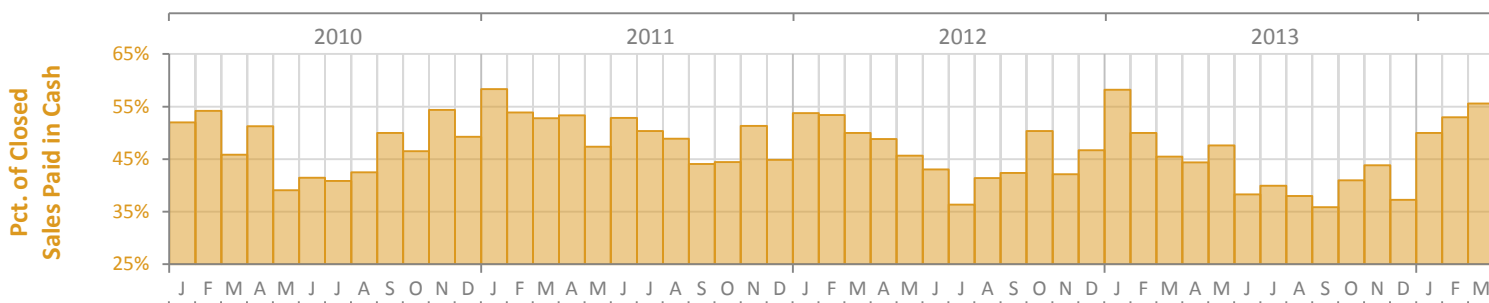


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	55.6%	22.1%
February 2014	52.9%	5.9%
January 2014	50.0%	-14.1%
December 2013	37.3%	-20.1%
November 2013	43.8%	4.1%
October 2013	41.0%	-18.6%
September 2013	35.8%	-15.4%
August 2013	38.0%	-8.3%
July 2013	39.9%	9.7%
June 2013	38.3%	-10.9%
May 2013	47.6%	4.3%
April 2013	44.4%	-9.0%
March 2013	45.5%	-9.0%

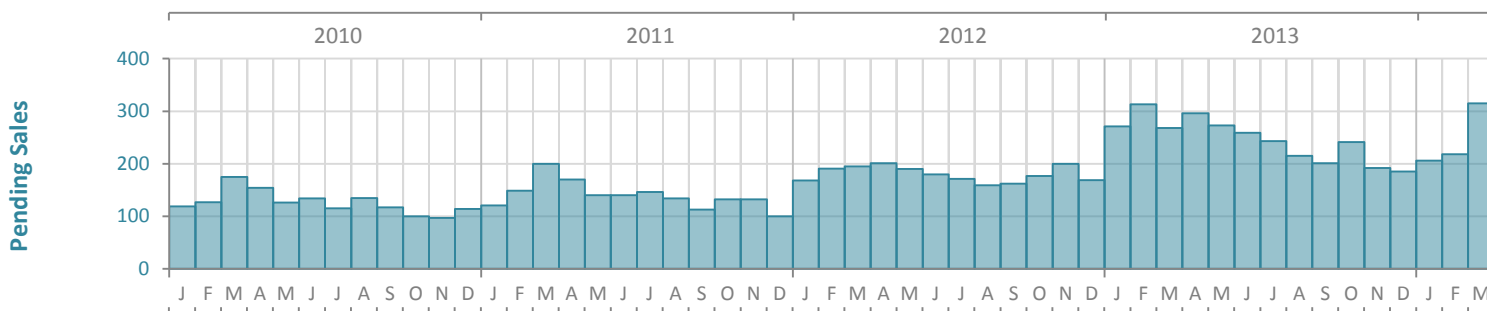


New Pending Sales

The number of property listings that went from "Active" to "Pending" status during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	315	17.5%
February 2014	218	-30.4%
January 2014	206	-24.0%
December 2013	185	9.5%
November 2013	192	-4.0%
October 2013	241	36.2%
September 2013	201	24.1%
August 2013	215	35.2%
July 2013	243	42.1%
June 2013	259	43.9%
May 2013	273	43.7%
April 2013	296	47.3%
March 2013	268	37.4%

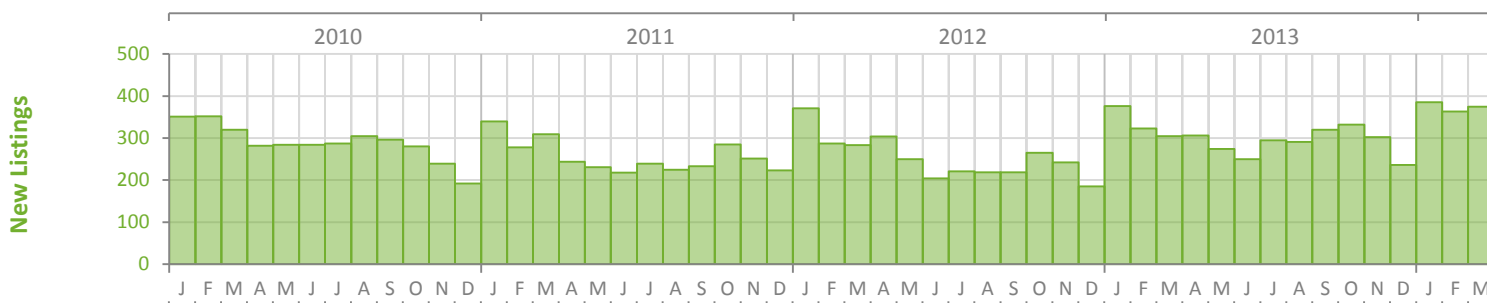


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a *lagging* indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	375	23.0%
February 2014	363	12.4%
January 2014	385	2.4%
December 2013	236	27.6%
November 2013	302	24.8%
October 2013	332	25.3%
September 2013	320	46.1%
August 2013	291	32.9%
July 2013	295	33.5%
June 2013	250	22.5%
May 2013	274	9.6%
April 2013	306	0.7%
March 2013	305	7.8%

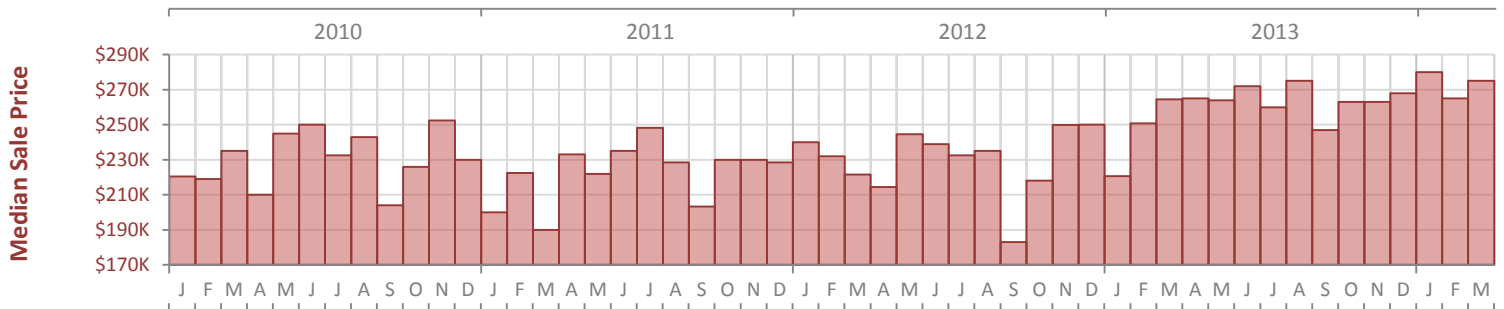


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	\$275,000	4.0%
February 2014	\$265,000	5.7%
January 2014	\$280,000	26.9%
December 2013	\$268,000	7.2%
November 2013	\$263,000	5.2%
October 2013	\$263,000	20.6%
September 2013	\$247,000	35.0%
August 2013	\$275,000	17.0%
July 2013	\$260,000	11.8%
June 2013	\$272,000	13.8%
May 2013	\$264,000	8.0%
April 2013	\$265,000	23.5%
March 2013	\$264,500	19.4%

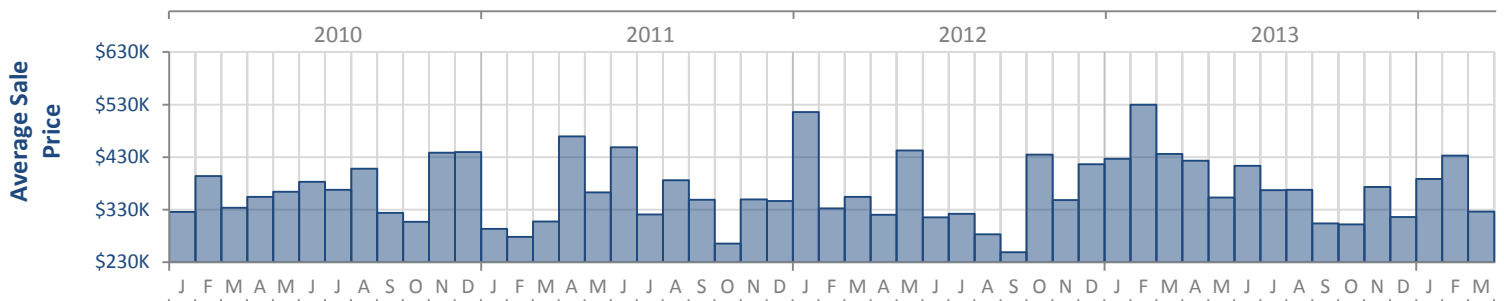


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: As noted above, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	\$326,611	-25.1%
February 2014	\$432,763	-18.3%
January 2014	\$388,624	-9.0%
December 2013	\$315,736	-24.1%
November 2013	\$373,207	7.2%
October 2013	\$301,901	-30.5%
September 2013	\$303,803	21.9%
August 2013	\$367,614	29.8%
July 2013	\$367,403	14.0%
June 2013	\$413,341	31.0%
May 2013	\$353,090	-20.2%
April 2013	\$423,149	32.0%
March 2013	\$435,918	23.0%

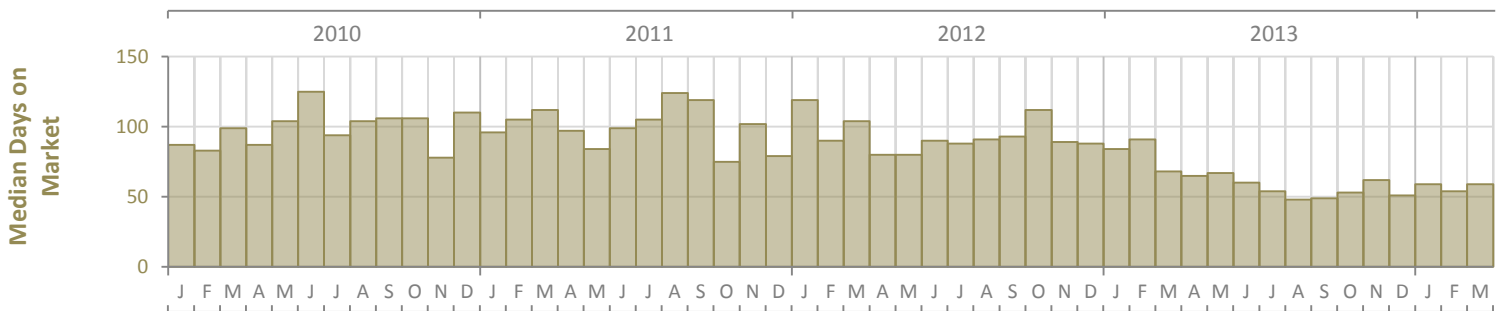


Median Days on Market

The median number of days that properties sold during the month were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Month	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	59	-13.2%
February 2014	54	-40.7%
January 2014	59	-29.8%
December 2013	51	-42.0%
November 2013	62	-30.3%
October 2013	53	-52.7%
September 2013	49	-47.3%
August 2013	48	-47.3%
July 2013	54	-38.6%
June 2013	60	-33.3%
May 2013	67	-16.3%
April 2013	65	-18.8%
March 2013	68	-34.6%

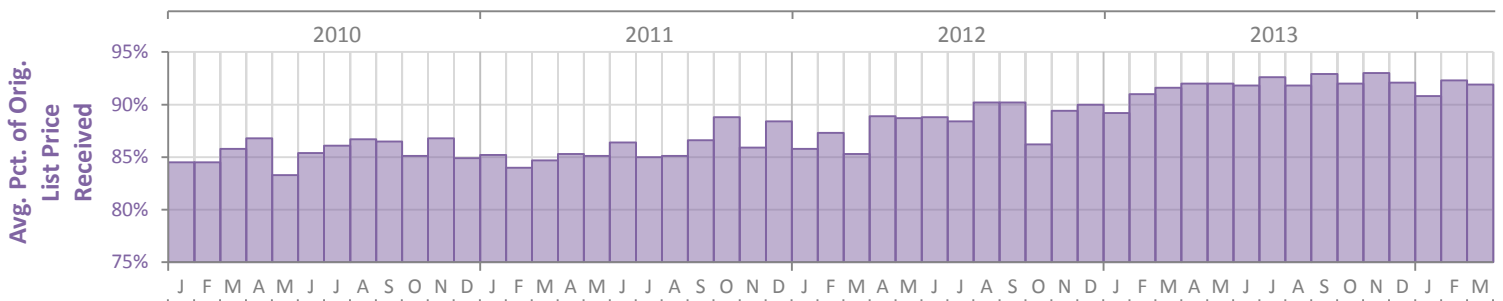


Average Percent of Original List Price Received

The average of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Average Percent of Original List Price Received is an indicator of market conditions, in that in a recovering market, the measure rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market that has shifted from down to up, and is another *lagging* indicator.

Month	Avg. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	91.9%	0.3%
February 2014	92.3%	1.4%
January 2014	90.8%	1.8%
December 2013	92.1%	2.3%
November 2013	93.0%	4.0%
October 2013	92.0%	6.7%
September 2013	92.9%	3.0%
August 2013	91.8%	1.8%
July 2013	92.6%	4.8%
June 2013	91.8%	3.4%
May 2013	92.0%	3.7%
April 2013	92.0%	3.5%
March 2013	91.6%	7.4%

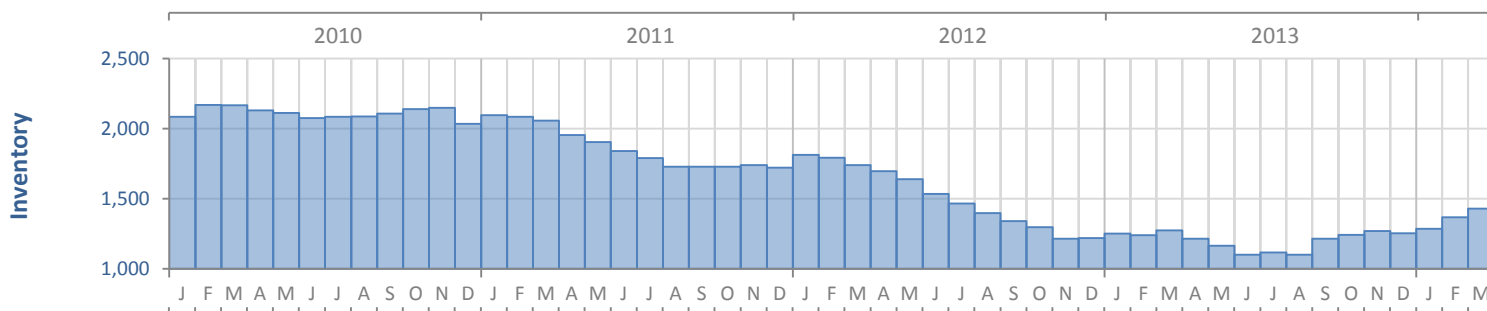


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	1,429	12.2%
February 2014	1,368	10.3%
January 2014	1,286	2.8%
December 2013	1,253	2.7%
November 2013	1,271	4.5%
October 2013	1,242	-4.2%
September 2013	1,216	-9.3%
August 2013	1,102	-21.1%
July 2013	1,116	-23.9%
June 2013	1,102	-28.3%
May 2013	1,166	-28.9%
April 2013	1,216	-28.4%
March 2013	1,274	-26.8%

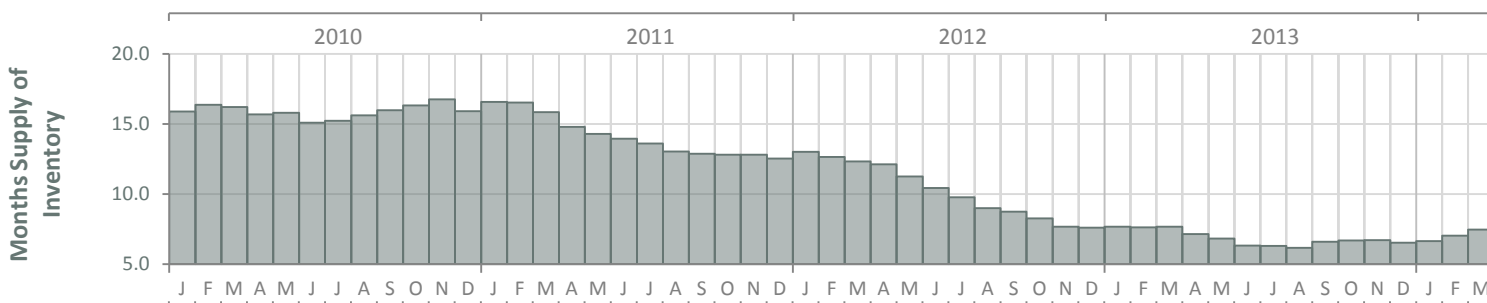


Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: This is an indicator of the state of the market, whether it is a buyers' market or a sellers' market. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 Months of Inventory. Higher numbers indicate a buyers' market, lower numbers a sellers' market.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	7.5	-2.9%
February 2014	7.0	-7.6%
January 2014	6.6	-13.5%
December 2013	6.5	-14.0%
November 2013	6.7	-12.4%
October 2013	6.7	-18.9%
September 2013	6.6	-24.5%
August 2013	6.2	-31.4%
July 2013	6.3	-35.5%
June 2013	6.3	-39.5%
May 2013	6.8	-39.3%
April 2013	7.2	-41.0%
March 2013	7.7	-37.7%

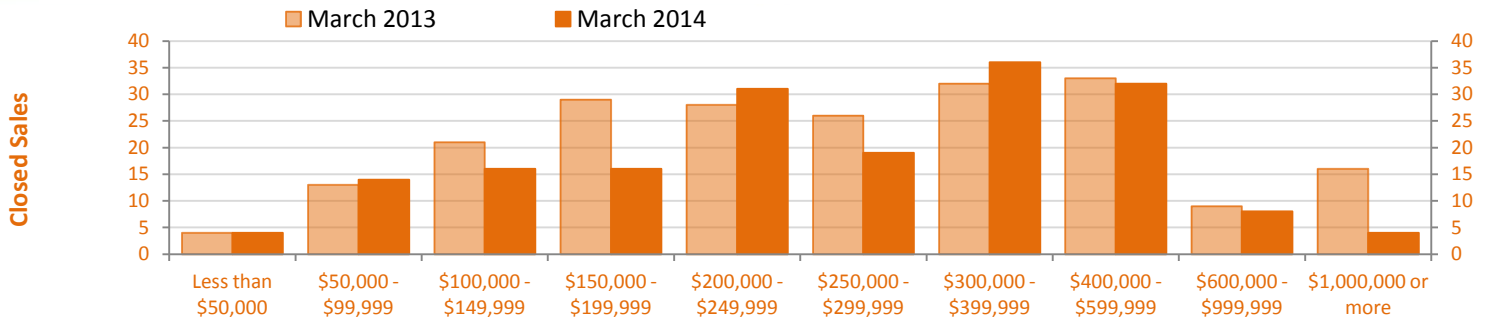


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	4	0.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	14	7.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	16	-23.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	16	-44.8%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	31	10.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	19	-26.9%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	36	12.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	32	-3.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	8	-11.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	4	-75.0%

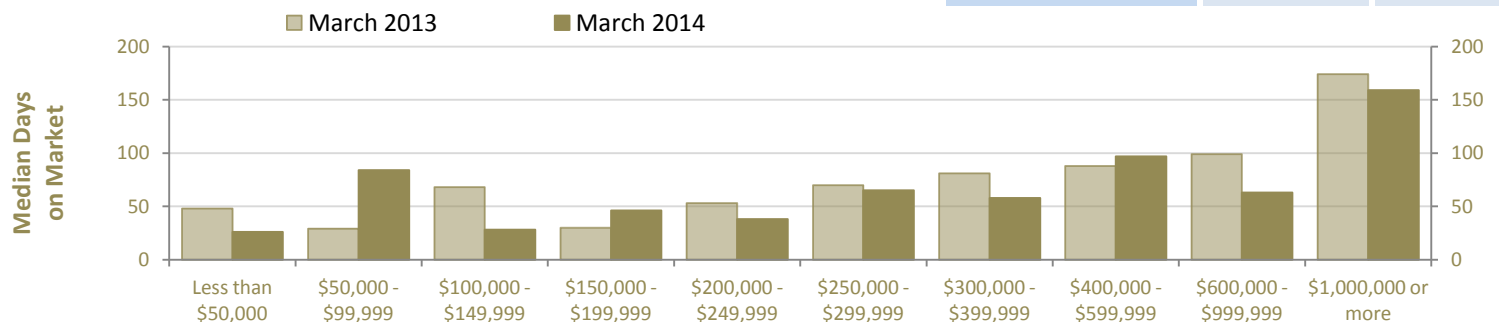


Median Days on Market by Sale Price

The median number of days that properties sold during the month were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took less time to sell, and 50% of homes took more time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Sale Price	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	26	-45.8%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	84	189.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	28	-58.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	46	53.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	38	-28.3%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	65	-7.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	58	-28.4%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	97	10.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	63	-36.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	159	-8.6%

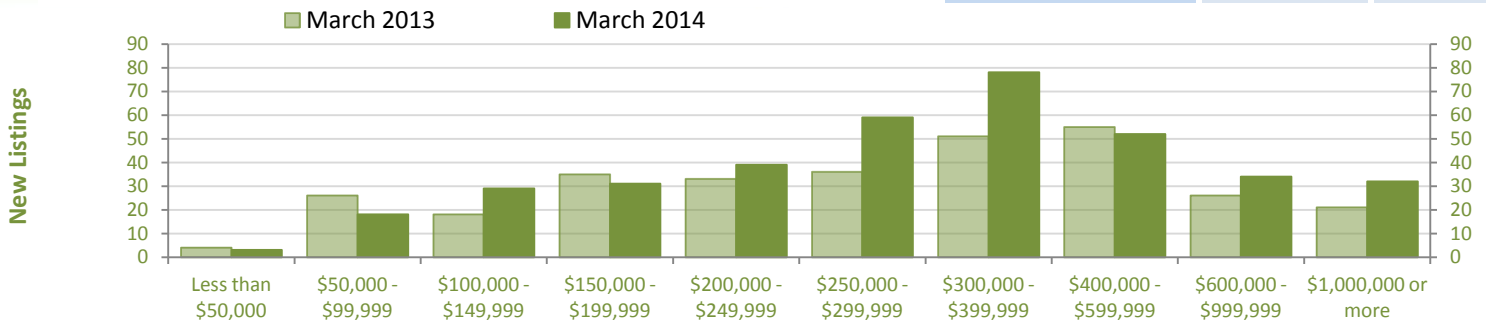


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a lagging indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	3	-25.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	18	-30.8%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	29	61.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	31	-11.4%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	39	18.2%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	59	63.9%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	78	52.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	52	-5.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	34	30.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	32	52.4%

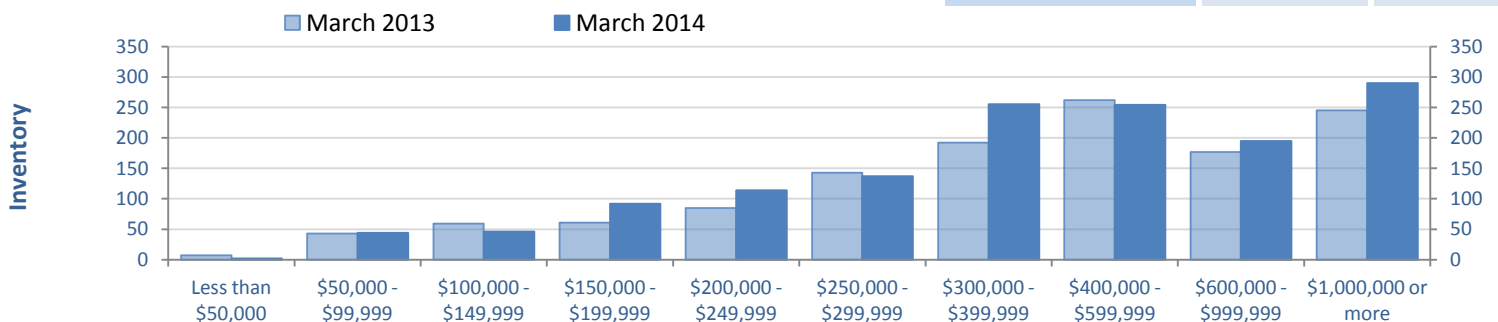


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year.

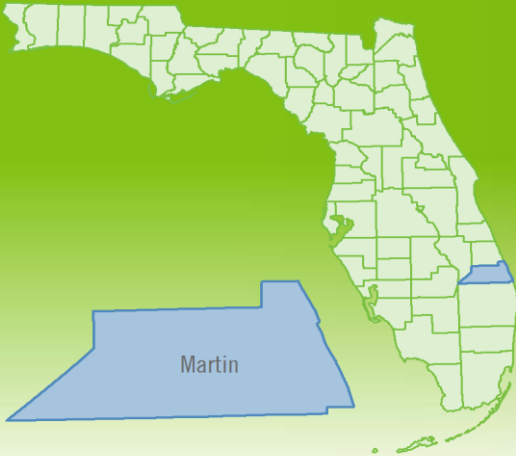
Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	2	-71.4%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	44	2.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	46	-22.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	92	50.8%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	114	34.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	137	-4.2%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	255	32.8%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	254	-3.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	195	10.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	290	18.4%



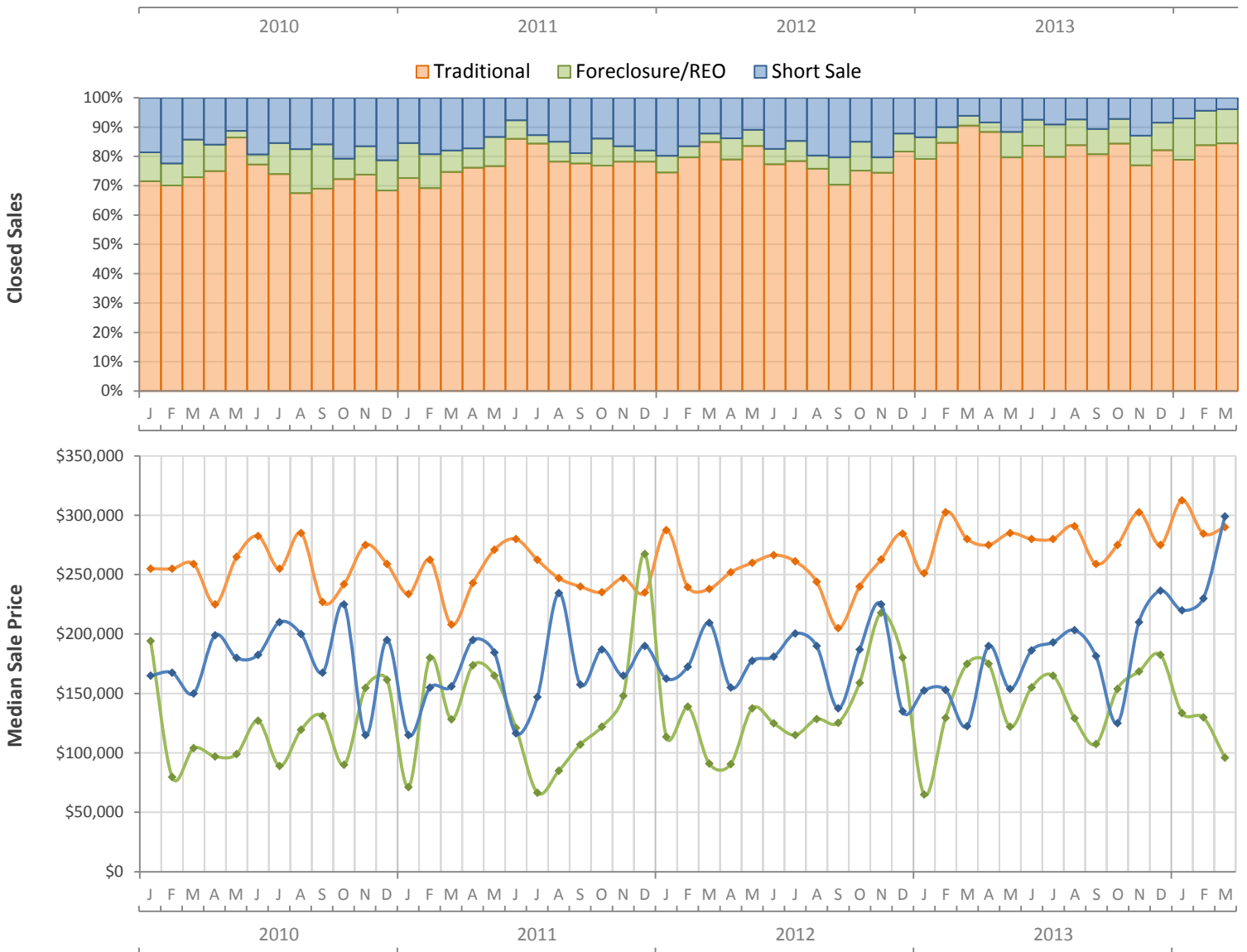
Monthly Distressed Market - March 2014

Single Family Homes

Martin County



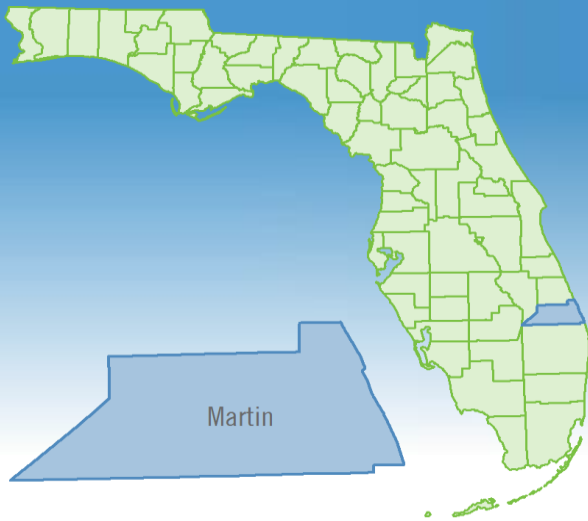
		March 2014	March 2013	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	152	191	-20.4%
	Median Sale Price	\$289,995	\$280,000	3.6%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	21	7	200.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$96,000	\$174,900	-45.1%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	7	13	-46.2%
	Median Sale Price	\$299,000	\$122,500	144.1%



Monthly Market Detail - March 2014

Townhouses and Condos

Martin County



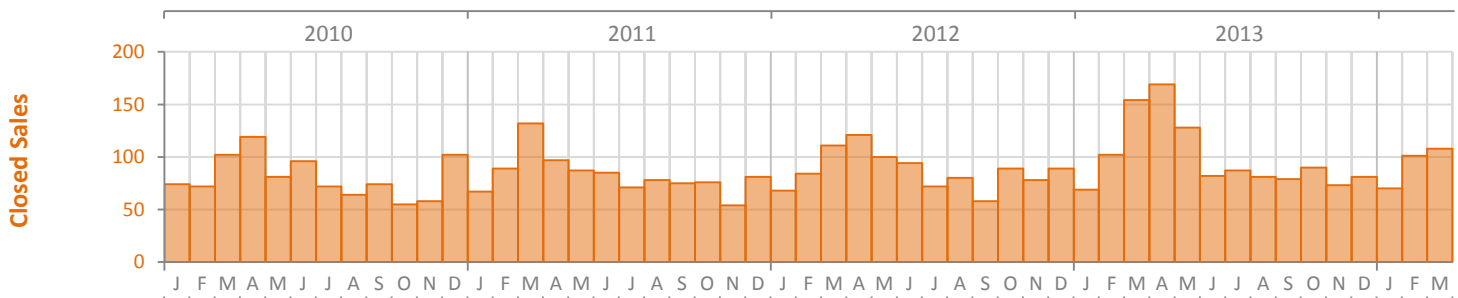
Summary Statistics	March 2014	March 2013	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	108	154	-29.9%
Paid in Cash	81	107	-24.3%
New Pending Sales	181	199	-9.0%
New Listings	166	162	2.5%
Median Sale Price	\$102,000	\$95,000	7.4%
Average Sale Price	\$139,259	\$156,543	-11.0%
Median Days on Market	54	70	-22.9%
Average Percent of Original List Price Received	92.6%	88.9%	4.2%
Pending Inventory	225	270	-16.7%
Inventory (Active Listings)	596	687	-13.2%
Months Supply of Inventory	6.2	7.5	-16.5%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	108	-29.9%
February 2014	101	-1.0%
January 2014	70	1.4%
December 2013	81	-9.0%
November 2013	73	-6.4%
October 2013	90	1.1%
September 2013	79	36.2%
August 2013	81	1.3%
July 2013	87	20.8%
June 2013	82	-12.8%
May 2013	128	28.0%
April 2013	169	39.7%
March 2013	154	38.7%

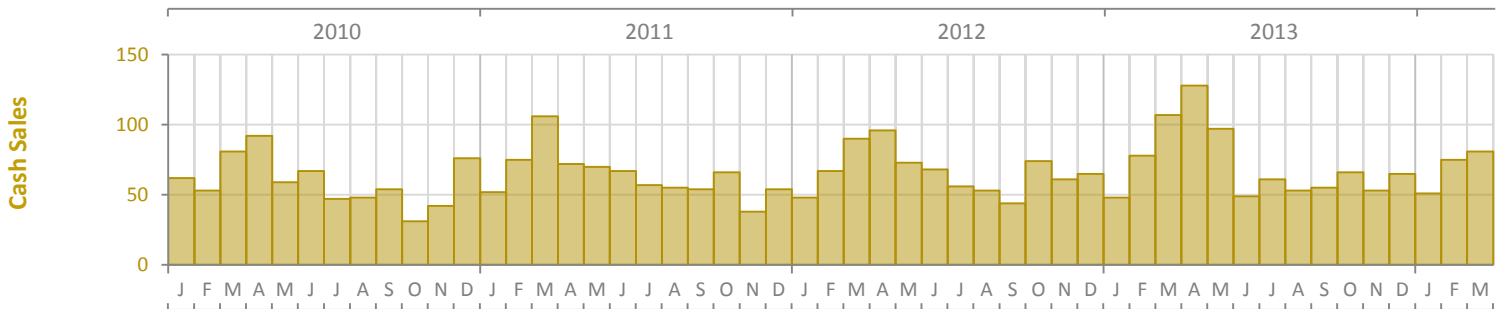


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	81	-24.3%
February 2014	75	-3.8%
January 2014	51	6.3%
December 2013	65	0.0%
November 2013	53	-13.1%
October 2013	66	-10.8%
September 2013	55	25.0%
August 2013	53	0.0%
July 2013	61	8.9%
June 2013	49	-27.9%
May 2013	97	32.9%
April 2013	128	33.3%
March 2013	107	18.9%

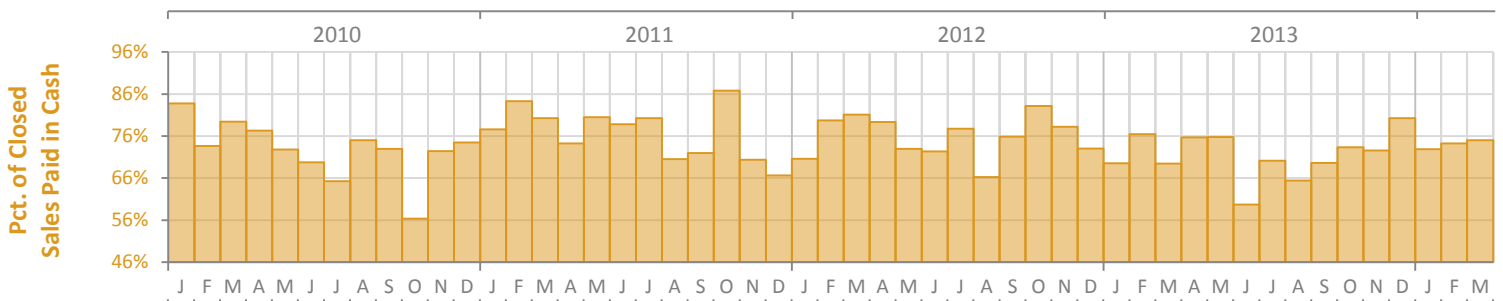


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	75.0%	7.9%
February 2014	74.3%	-2.9%
January 2014	72.9%	4.7%
December 2013	80.2%	9.9%
November 2013	72.6%	-7.2%
October 2013	73.3%	-11.8%
September 2013	69.6%	-8.2%
August 2013	65.4%	-1.2%
July 2013	70.1%	-9.9%
June 2013	59.8%	-17.4%
May 2013	75.8%	3.8%
April 2013	75.7%	-4.5%
March 2013	69.5%	-14.3%

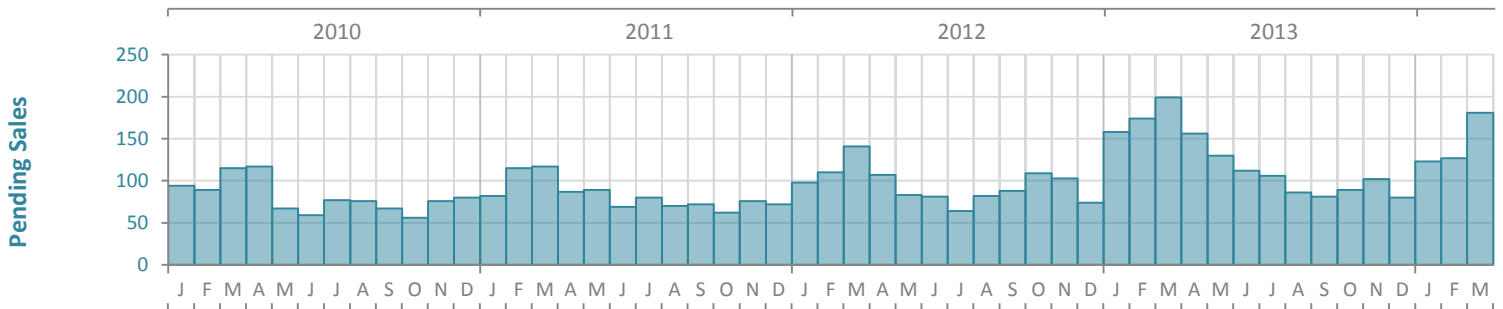


New Pending Sales

The number of property listings that went from "Active" to "Pending" status during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	181	-9.0%
February 2014	127	-27.0%
January 2014	123	-22.2%
December 2013	80	8.1%
November 2013	102	-1.0%
October 2013	89	-18.3%
September 2013	81	-8.0%
August 2013	86	4.9%
July 2013	106	65.6%
June 2013	112	38.3%
May 2013	130	56.6%
April 2013	156	45.8%
March 2013	199	41.1%

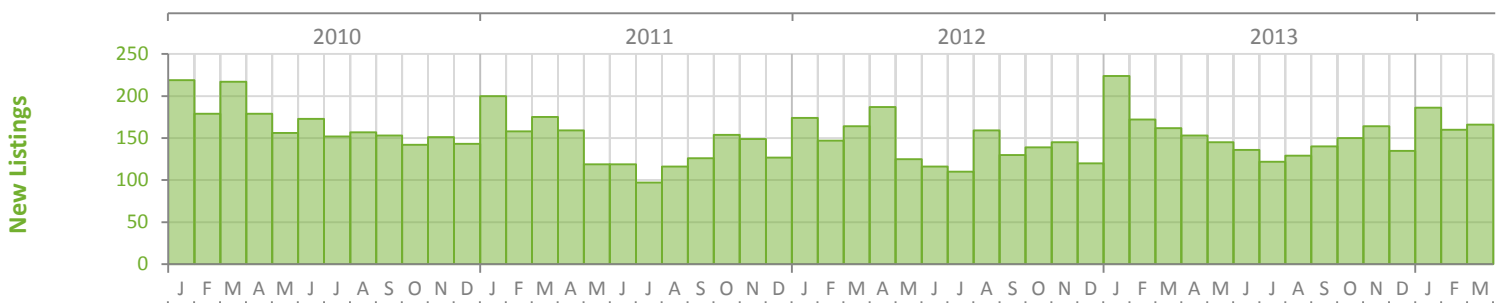


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a *lagging* indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	166	2.5%
February 2014	160	-7.0%
January 2014	186	-17.0%
December 2013	135	12.5%
November 2013	164	13.1%
October 2013	150	7.9%
September 2013	140	7.7%
August 2013	129	-18.9%
July 2013	122	10.9%
June 2013	136	17.2%
May 2013	145	16.0%
April 2013	153	-18.2%
March 2013	162	-1.2%

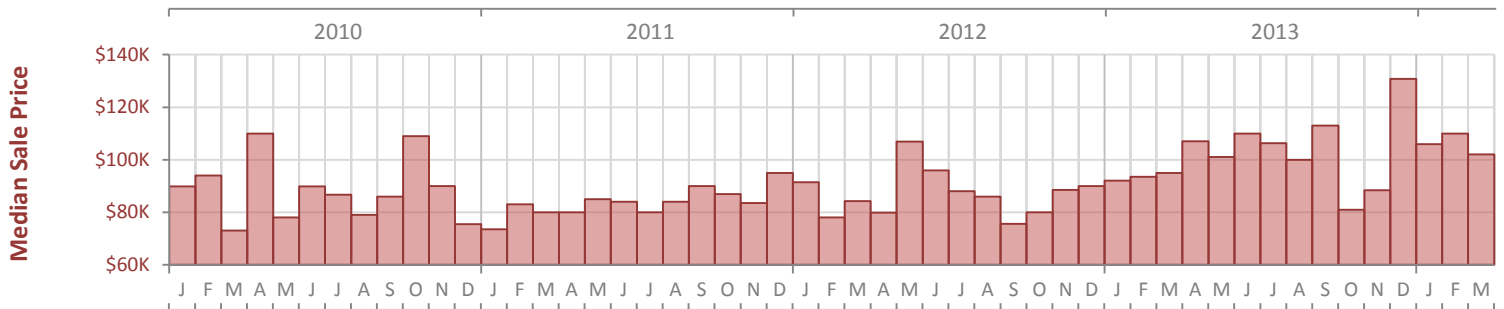


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	\$102,000	7.4%
February 2014	\$110,000	17.6%
January 2014	\$106,000	15.2%
December 2013	\$130,825	45.4%
November 2013	\$88,350	-0.2%
October 2013	\$81,000	1.3%
September 2013	\$113,000	49.5%
August 2013	\$100,000	16.3%
July 2013	\$106,250	20.7%
June 2013	\$110,000	14.6%
May 2013	\$101,050	-5.5%
April 2013	\$107,000	33.9%
March 2013	\$95,000	12.8%

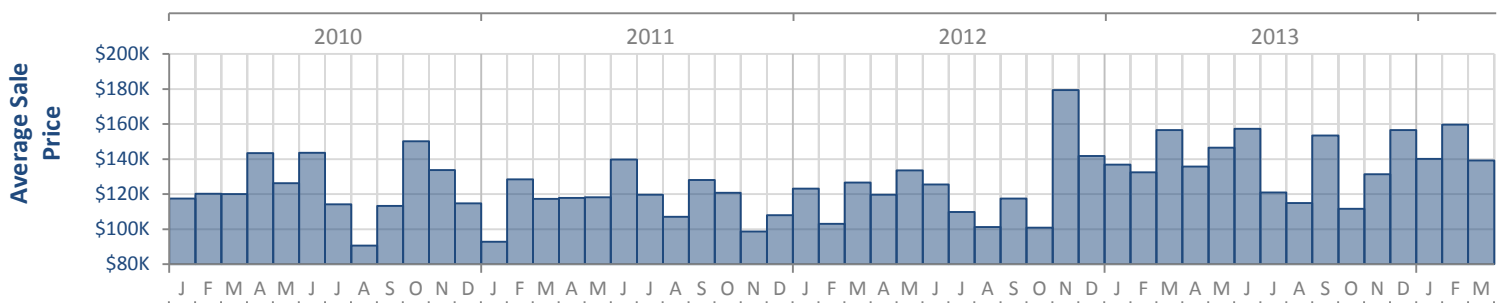


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: As noted above, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	\$139,259	-11.0%
February 2014	\$159,616	20.6%
January 2014	\$140,124	2.4%
December 2013	\$156,496	10.4%
November 2013	\$131,388	-26.7%
October 2013	\$111,720	10.7%
September 2013	\$153,507	30.6%
August 2013	\$114,930	13.4%
July 2013	\$121,048	10.2%
June 2013	\$157,265	25.3%
May 2013	\$146,535	9.7%
April 2013	\$135,786	13.4%
March 2013	\$156,543	23.6%

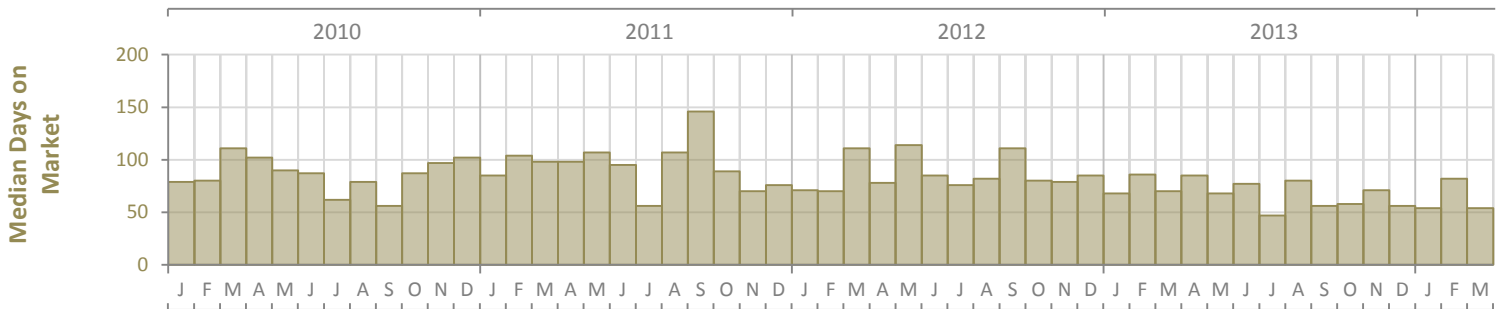


Median Days on Market

The median number of days that properties sold during the month were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Month	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	54	-22.9%
February 2014	82	-4.7%
January 2014	54	-20.6%
December 2013	56	-34.1%
November 2013	71	-10.1%
October 2013	58	-27.5%
September 2013	56	-49.5%
August 2013	80	-2.4%
July 2013	47	-38.2%
June 2013	77	-9.4%
May 2013	68	-40.4%
April 2013	85	9.0%
March 2013	70	-36.9%

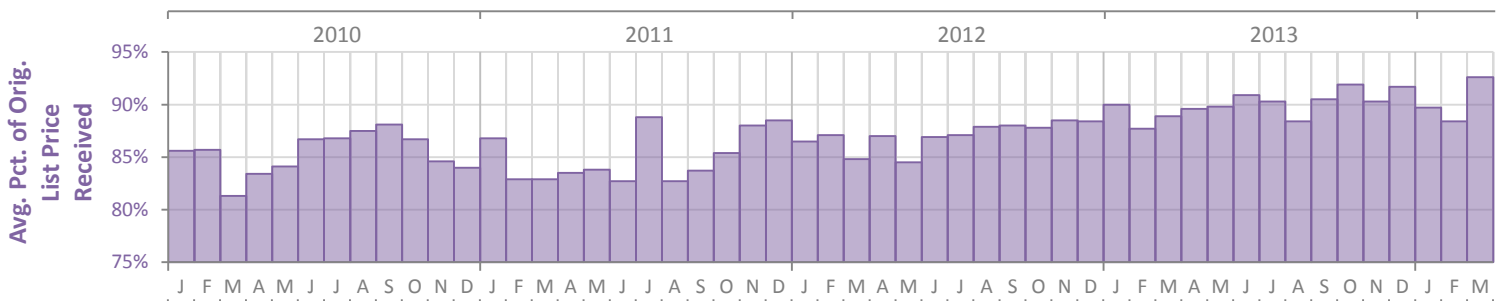


Average Percent of Original List Price Received

The average of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Average Percent of Original List Price Received is an indicator of market conditions, in that in a recovering market, the measure rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market that has shifted from down to up, and is another *lagging* indicator.

Month	Avg. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	92.6%	4.2%
February 2014	88.4%	0.8%
January 2014	89.7%	-0.3%
December 2013	91.7%	3.7%
November 2013	90.3%	2.0%
October 2013	91.9%	4.7%
September 2013	90.5%	2.8%
August 2013	88.4%	0.6%
July 2013	90.3%	3.7%
June 2013	90.9%	4.6%
May 2013	89.8%	6.3%
April 2013	89.6%	3.0%
March 2013	88.9%	4.8%

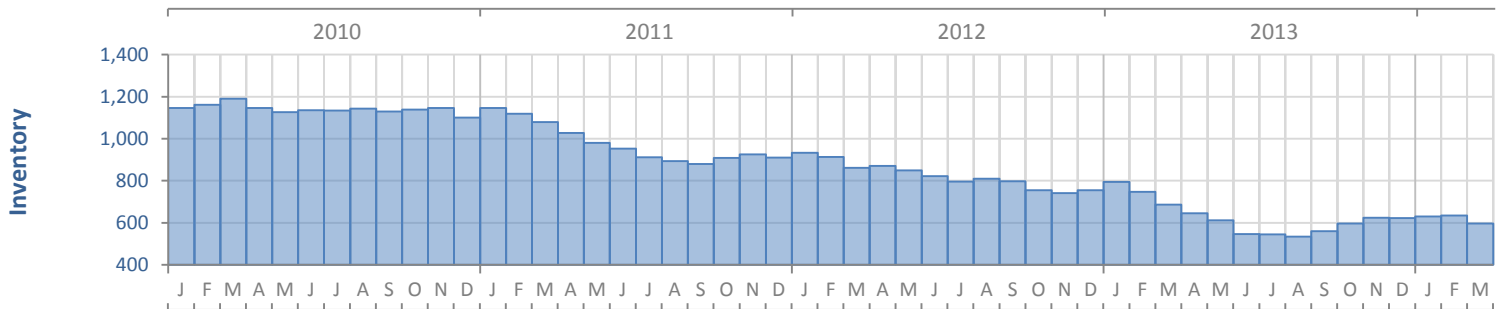


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	596	-13.2%
February 2014	635	-15.0%
January 2014	630	-20.7%
December 2013	623	-17.5%
November 2013	624	-15.8%
October 2013	596	-21.1%
September 2013	560	-29.8%
August 2013	534	-34.1%
July 2013	545	-31.5%
June 2013	547	-33.5%
May 2013	612	-28.0%
April 2013	645	-25.9%
March 2013	687	-20.3%

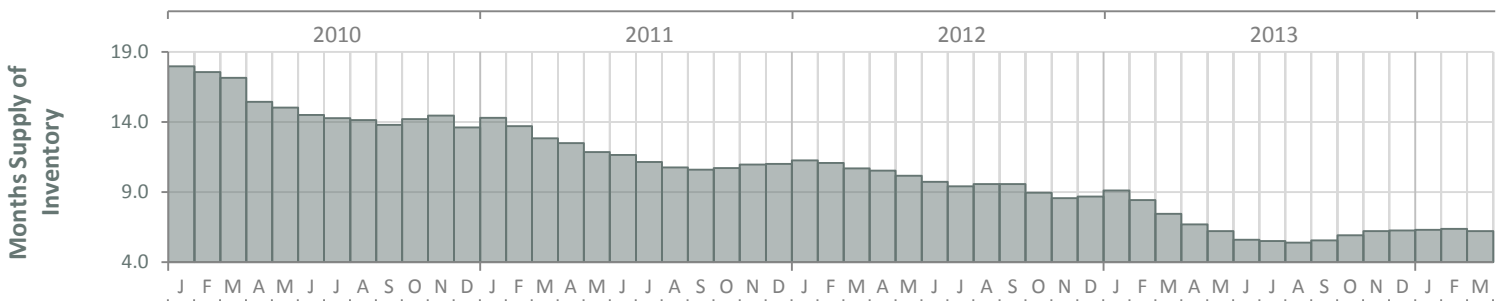


Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: This is an indicator of the state of the market, whether it is a buyers' market or a sellers' market. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 Months of Inventory. Higher numbers indicate a buyers' market, lower numbers a sellers' market.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
March 2014	6.2	-16.5%
February 2014	6.4	-24.4%
January 2014	6.3	-30.7%
December 2013	6.3	-27.9%
November 2013	6.2	-27.5%
October 2013	5.9	-33.9%
September 2013	5.6	-41.9%
August 2013	5.4	-43.5%
July 2013	5.5	-41.4%
June 2013	5.6	-42.4%
May 2013	6.2	-38.8%
April 2013	6.7	-36.3%
March 2013	7.5	-30.3%

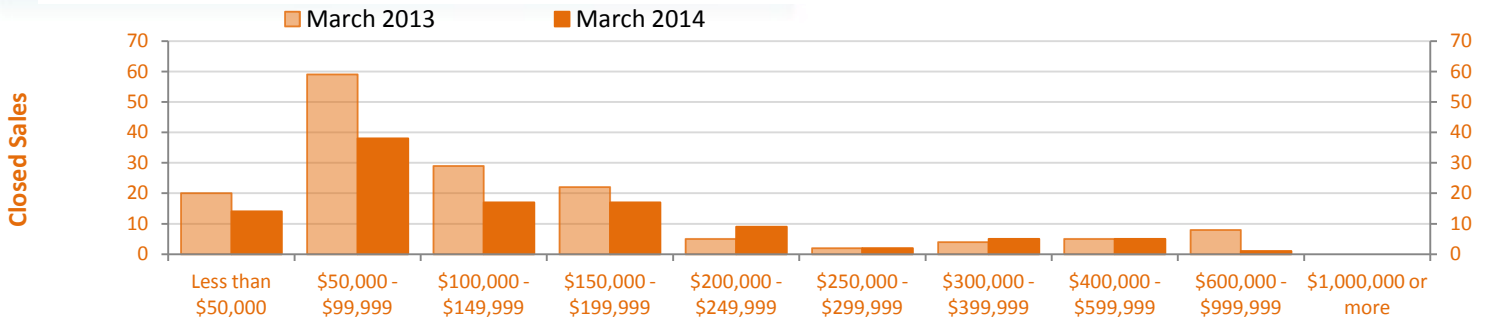


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	14	-30.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	38	-35.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	17	-41.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	17	-22.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	9	80.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	2	0.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	5	25.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	5	0.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1	-87.5%
\$1,000,000 or more	0	N/A

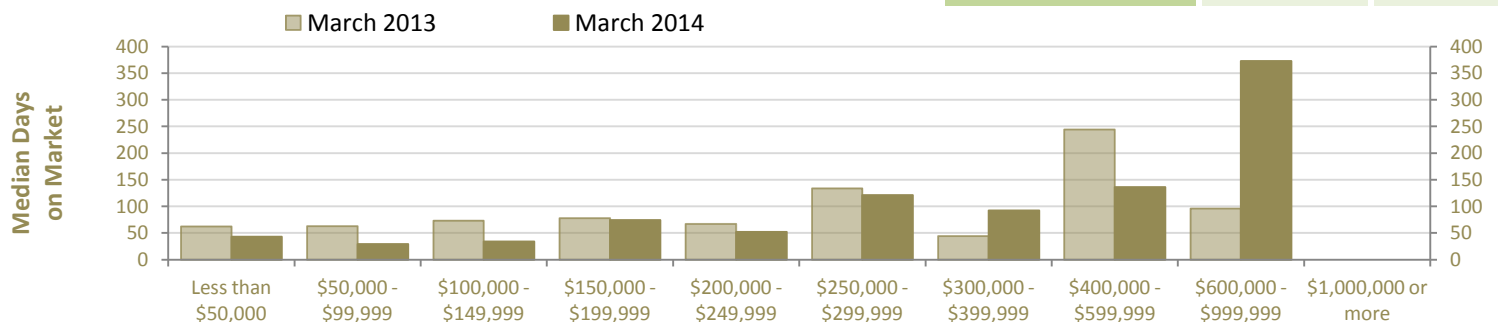


Median Days on Market by Sale Price

The median number of days that properties sold during the month were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took less time to sell, and 50% of homes took more time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Sale Price	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	43	-30.6%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	29	-54.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	34	-53.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	74	-5.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	52	-22.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	121	-9.7%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	92	109.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	136	-44.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	373	288.5%
\$1,000,000 or more	(No Sales)	N/A

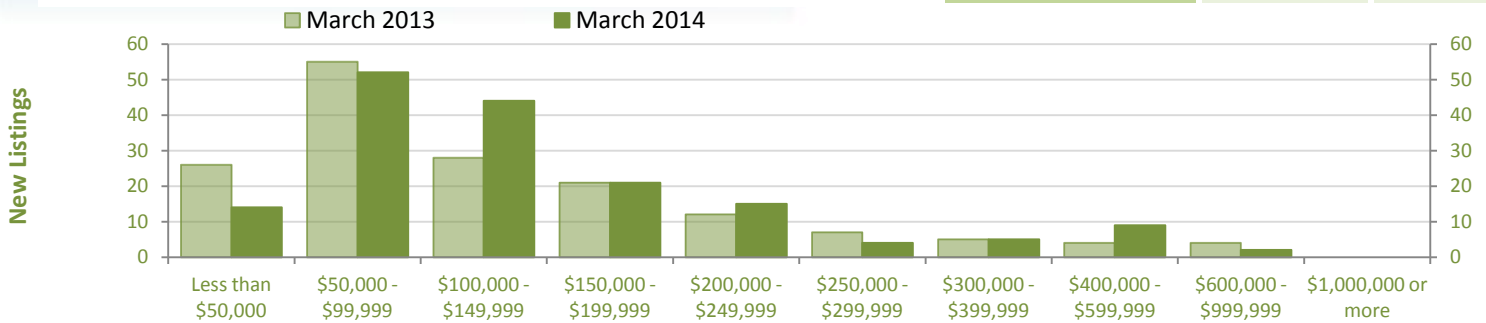


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a lagging indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	14	-46.2%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	52	-5.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	44	57.1%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	21	0.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	15	25.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	4	-42.9%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	5	0.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	9	125.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	2	-50.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	0	N/A

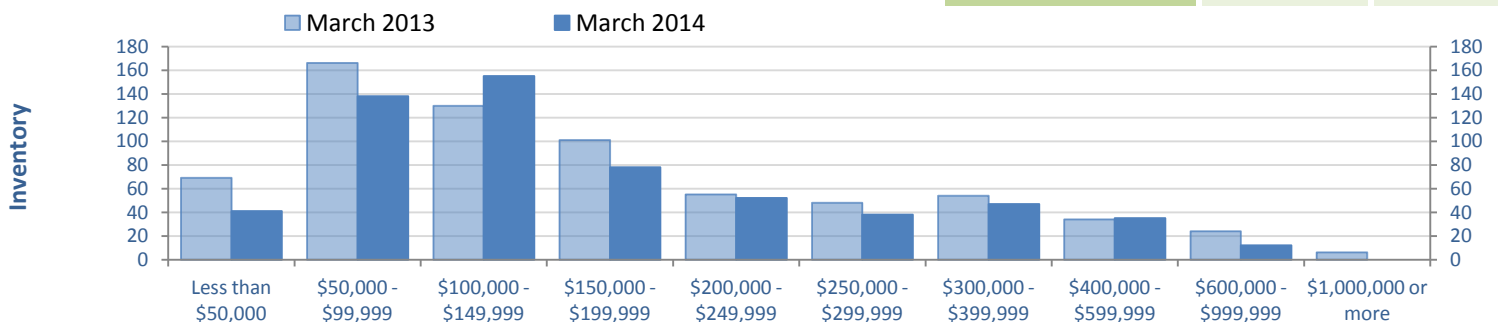


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year.

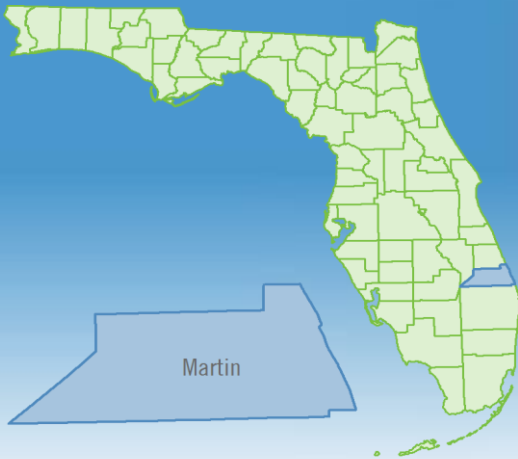
Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	41	-40.6%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	138	-16.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	155	19.2%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	78	-22.8%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	52	-5.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	38	-20.8%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	47	-13.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	35	2.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	12	-50.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	0	-100.0%



Monthly Distressed Market - March 2014

Townhouses and Condos

Martin County



		March 2014	March 2013	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	92	136	-32.4%
	Median Sale Price	\$115,000	\$99,000	16.2%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	10	6	66.7%
	Median Sale Price	\$53,091	\$88,450	-40.0%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	6	12	-50.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$81,250	\$61,500	32.1%

